

GRAND JURY HOLDS 8 UNION LEADERS IN CHICAGO RIOT

President of Building Trades Council Included in Indictments Returned.

JABEAS CORPUS WRITS DENIED TO PRISONERS

Judge Denounces Conditions as Barring on Anarchy in Denying Application.

HELD IN COMMUNICADA

Police Station Filled With Men Held as Suspects in Murder of P. H. Bremer.

CHICAGO, May 11.—Eight union leaders were named in true bills today at a special session of the grand jury tonight in connection with the slaying of Terrence Lyons, an acting police lieutenant, yesterday.

Among those named in the true bills, according to Mr. Gorman, were Fred Mader, president of the Building Trades Council, "Big Tim" Murphy, of the Gas Workers' Union, and Cornelius (Tom) Shea, who directed the teamsters' strike in 1921. All are now in the custody of the police, having been captured in a raid on union headquarters yesterday.

CHARGE OF VAST EXPENDITURES

Is Made by Republican Congressman.

WILL VIOLATE LAW

Huge Sums to Be Spent in Election of Governor.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Ohio will be "Newberryized" this summer in an effort to elect Senator Thompson, according to Congressman Knight, Republican of Akron, himself a prospective candidate for that office.

A campaign of reckless expenditures such as the State has never seen will be conducted, he declared. "Half a million dollars will be spent to nominate and elect Thompson. The Ohio law limits expenditures to \$10,000, but in view of the decision of Attorney General Daugherty that the law is unconstitutional, it is certain the Ohio corrupt practice law will be disregarded. The chances are Representative Fess will spend but little for the Republican nomination as he likely will win by default, but unless present signs fail the final contest for election will see huge sums spent for both Fess and Senator Pomeroy."

REWARDS FOR THE MURDERERS

Police declared that additional dynamite and some fuses had been sent from the offices of the Building Trades Building, which, according to Chief Fitzmorris, will connect labor leaders definitely with the reign of terror that has resulted in forty-seven murders here in eight months, and wrecked millions of dollars in construction in the last year.

STATE OF ANARCHY

In temporarily blocking efforts to release "Big Tim" Murphy, labor leader, Chief Justice Scanton, president of the Building Trades Council, said: "There is a genuine conspiracy to wage war on law and order in this community. It is charged with treason were fought before a court, the court could be justified in holding them or investigation. The situation as it exists, constitutes treason to the public. There is a genuine conspiracy to defy law and order. The whole function of government seems to have broken down," said Judge Davis.

LUMB PLAN AUTHOR IN DYING CONDITION

Council for Railroad Workers in Extremis in His Home at Chevy Chase.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Glenn E. Lumb, counsel for the sixteen recognized organizations of railroad workers, and author of the Lumb Plan, dying at his home in Chevy Chase, Md., according to announcement by physicians. His condition was reported as unchanged late tonight. During an intensive speech-making campaign in the interests of his plan, which provides for government ownership and democratic control of railroads, Lumb was stricken with heart trouble some months ago with an affection in the heart. His condition gradually became worse until today, when hope of his recovery was abandoned.

GENERAL CONFERENCE REFUSES TO CHANGE BISHOPS' OFFICE TERM

Heads of Methodism Will Continue to Be Elected for Life—Fraternal Delegate From Northern Church Delivers Impassioned Plea for Union.

[By Associated Press.] HOT SPRINGS, ARK., May 11.—Adoption of legislation designed to increase the scope of the laymen's missionary movement and rejection of a proposal to elect bishops for a specified term of years instead of for life, as now provided, were outstanding features of a four-hour business session here today of the nineteenth quadrennial General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. In addition the conference received a report from the committee on episcopacy, which recommended the election of five bishops and made the matter the special order of business for tomorrow. A suggestion by the committee for election of bishops to take place next Tuesday was accepted. Reorganization of Laymen's Movement. Reorganization of laymen's missionary movement work was accomplished through the adoption of a report providing that activities of laymen, heretofore in charge of the executive committee of the movement, shall be placed in the hands of the general board of lay activities. The general lay board, the report specified, shall be composed of lay leaders elected by the annual conference and general secretaries of the general boards of the church, who shall be consulting members of the general lay board, serving without pay. The general lay board is charged with the task of promoting methods by which greater activity on the part of lay members of the church may be obtained, with an ultimate view of having active working forces in every church. The report, as presented, provided that the general lay board should elect a general secretary to execute its plans. When brought to a ballot it failed of adoption on a tie vote. An amendment was then adopted empowering the conference to elect the general secretary, and the report was accepted. No Change in Election of Stewards. A proposal on which the conference sustained a committee recommendation of nonconcurrence was (Continued on Page 13, Col. 4.)

SAYS OHIO IS TO BE "NEWBERRYIZED" BETHLEHEM TAKES OVER LACKAWANNA

Announcement Made of Merger of Two Steel Companies.

COMES AS SURPRISE

Much Activity in Wall Street as News Is Circulated.

[By Associated Press.] NEW YORK, May 11.—Purchase of the Lackawanna Steel Company, of Lackawanna, N. Y., by the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, involving the merger of Bethlehem 7 per cent preferred and Class B common stocks in payment for the properties, was announced late today by Eugene G. Grace, president of the Bethlehem organization. News of the merger, which became known just before the stock market closed, gave Wall Street a real thrill. Lackawanna Steel made a net gain of seven points, closing at 63.34. There were seventy-three sales, totaling 171,100 shares in the last hour, the largest sale of 1,400 shares being disposed of at 66, the top price, and a new high record for the year. The previous high was 61. The day's sales were 22,500 shares. Stocks Show Gain. There was less activity in Bethlehem Steel, which closed at 75, the top price and a net gain of 13.5 points. Of the day's trading of 11,000 shares, 4,700 were disposed of in the final hour. Shares of the Republic Iron and Steel Company and the Midvale Steel Company, the only stocks in addition to the Lackawanna, which were included in the proposed merger of seven independent steel companies and traded in on the big board, also showed substantial gains. Republic showing a net gain of 3 points and Midvale of 1.34. Thomas L. Chadbourne, who has been handling the legal affairs in connection with the proposed merger of seven independent companies, declared that the withdrawal of the Lackawanna company would not cause an abandonment of the plans, which would be concluded on a six-company basis. In addition to Republic and Midvale, these companies are the Youngstown Sheet and Tube, Miller Hill Steel Company, Inland Steel Company and the Steel and Tube Company of America. Came as a Surprise. News of the Bethlehem-Lackawanna merger came as a great surprise, not only to the financial district in general, but to the executives of the independent steel companies. While these executives were frankly informed some time ago that the Lackawanna company was negotiating with the Bethlehem corporation, they did not realize that the deal was so near completion, and hoped (Continued on Page 2, Col. 1.)

Follow the Red Line

If you want the last word in happenings of the day, in markets, sports, in politics, in this country and abroad, read The Evening Dispatch final edition. It is easily recognized by the Red Line. Where you see this Red Line on an Evening Dispatch, you can find the last-minute news from all over the world. Follow the Red Line!

Two Hurt in Gasoline Explosion

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 11.—Two painters were seriously burned and a property loss of \$75,000 resulted here today when explosion of a gasoline tank set fire to the plant of the Birmingham Buggy Company. The injured men are A. M. Thompson and T. C. Gibson.

\$2 to Baltimore, York River Line

Beat Way, Daily Express Sunday-Adv.

INDEPENDENT OIL PRODUCERS MAKE VIGOROUS PROTEST

Begin Attack on Leases of Government Lands to Big Combinations.

ASSAIL FALL-DENBY EXPLOITATION POLICY

Call for Complete Investigation on Basis of Resolution of Senator La Follette.

IS LAND-GRABBING SCHEME

Assert Contracts Tend to Perpetuate Monopolistic Control of Industry.

[By United News.] WASHINGTON, May 11.—Independent oil producers of the country have begun an organized attack upon the administration policy of exploiting natural resources, more specifically the oil reserves. Complaint of the independents, just laid before the Senate, calls for a complete investigation on the basis of the La Follette resolution, and comes at a time when gasoline prices throughout the nation have just been given another boost by the big companies. In connection with the price advance in gasoline, it is noteworthy that two of the bases upon which the independents lay their protests, embrace this language: 1. There is now "above ground and in storage" in the United States the greatest amount of oil in storage in the history of all time. This was recently confirmed by the United States Geological Survey. 2. Turning over of government lands to the large pipe line interests for exploitation will have the direct result of depressing the price of crude oil without in any way relieving the people of the onerous and burdensome high prices of refined products—which include gasoline. Filled by Gray. The protest was filed with the Senate by W. H. Gray, president of the National Association of Independent Oil Producers, representing concerns in Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Pennsylvania and Wyoming. Generally speaking, the issue raised by the independents is whether "the delivery of the naval reserves of the United States to the Standard Oil-Sinclair-Doheny interests is a step in the direction of the era of land-grabbing and carpet-bagging, whose hydra head of inquiry was crushed by the policy of President Roosevelt nearly a decade ago." Declaring the association unalterably against "the granting of leasing public land without competitive bidding as exemplified in the recent contract entered into between Secretary Doheny of the Interior, and Secretary Doheny of the Navy, and the Standard Oil-Sinclair-Doheny interests," Gray's protest says: "We ask that the committee appointed by your honorable body (authorized by the La Follette resolution) investigate the contracts above referred to with a view to determining whether or not they tend to perpetuate a monopolistic control of the oil industry, and whether or not they tend to violate the spirit of the antitrust laws, and whether or not the effect of these contracts will be to create a monopoly of the oil trade with the navy."

Must Make Fertilizer

In the House committee an agreement was reached by which any lessee of the Shooks properties would be compelled to manufacture finished fertilizers whether at a profit or loss throughout the term of his operations, whether it be fifty or one hundred years. An amendment to this effect was made to the bill by the committee in connection with its report on the various proposals it has investigated. Wide differences of opinion are understood to prevail in the committee on the provisions made by Henry Ford, who is being discussed as the basis for the bill under construction. It was believed possible that the committee would be divided into three factions when the discussions were ended and as many different recommendations would be made to the House. Hear Farmers' Agent. The Senate Agriculture body heard Benjamin C. Marsh, managing director of the Farmers' National Council, testify today. He said the council was opposed to the Ford proposal or any other that deprived the government of control and operation of the projects at Muscle Shoals. The bill introduced recently by Senator Norris, the witness believed, was fundamentally sound and he recommended that legislation of a similar sort be enacted. The bill drafted by Mr. Lloyd followed the description which the Agriculture Committee heard yesterday in general language. It would create a \$5,000,000 corporation, headed by seven directors to be appointed by the President, three being officials of the War, Treasury and Agriculture Departments. Stock Broker Ends Life. CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 11.—Nate N. Silverman, local stock broker and former operator for the Associated Press, committed suicide about noon today on a country road, near the city, his body being discovered late this afternoon lying in his automobile. He had shot himself through the temple. Worry over business is assigned as the cause of the suicide.

DRY GOODS ASSOCIATION HONORS RICHMOND MEN

Andrews, Northern and Johnson Are Elected by Wholesalers' Convention.

[By Associated Press.] BIRMINGHAM, May 11.—A. V. Berry, Fort Smith, Ark., was elected president of the Southern Wholesale Dry Goods Association this evening at the final session of the Association. W. R. Andrews, Richmond, was elected first vice-president; George H. Johnson, Birmingham, second vice-president; W. R. Northern, Richmond, treasurer; and Norman H. Johnson, Richmond, secretary. The following were elected to the executive committee: Edward Epstein, Savannah; W. R. King, Memphis; W. W. Kennedy, Knoxville; David Ades, Lexington; Tom Flaxing, Houston; and R. G. Watts, Lynchburg. The naming of the next convention city was referred to the executive committee which will report some time within the next six months.

N. & W. Sunday Excursions begin

May 14. Norfolk, 32 r. t. Lv. Richmond 8:15 & 9 every Sun. morn.—Adv.

BRITISH HOLD RUSSIAN REPLY CONCILIATORY; BELGIANS AND FRENCH ARE DISAPPOINTED

COMMITTEE SPLITS OVER PROVISIONS IN FORD'S OFFER

Look for Three Reports to Congress on Muscle Shoals Project.

BILL IS OFFERED FOR GOVERNMENT CONTROL

Farmers' Council Director Indorses Plan Suggested by Senator Norris.

STILL ANOTHER BID IS MADE

Baltimore Engineer Proposes Nation Share in Profits of Operation.

[By Associated Press.] WASHINGTON, May 11.—Four developments in congressional consideration of proposals for developing the Muscle Shoals, Alabama, nitrate and power projects occurred today in the Senate Agriculture and House Military committees and on the Senate floor. Chairman Norris, Nebraska, of the Senate committee, introduced a bill providing for a semigovernment corporation to take over and operate the nitrate and power projects for fifty years. The measure was drafted by James T. Lloyd, former Representative from Missouri, and submitted by J. H. Levering, a consulting engineer of Los Angeles, Cal., as a modification of the bill Senator Norris recently introduced. The Nebraska Senator also made public a tentative proposal received from L. Stern, a Baltimore 35c consulting engineer and manufacturer of chemical products. Mr. Stern's letter of transmission requested the committee to hear him at its convenience and said the formal tender would be made later. The committee decided informally to accept the request and grant Mr. Stern a hearing. The tentative offer of Mr. Stern provided for the operation of the nitrate and power projects for a period of twenty-five or fifty years or any suitable number of years that might be determined upon. It further stated that all expenses incurred by the government at Muscle Shoals would be paid to it at the rate of 2 per cent annually and contained a provision by which the government would receive 60 per cent of all net profits made during the operation, with the lessees retaining 40 per cent. Must Make Fertilizer. In the House committee an agreement was reached by which any lessee of the Shooks properties would be compelled to manufacture finished fertilizers whether at a profit or loss throughout the term of his operations, whether it be fifty or one hundred years. An amendment to this effect was made to the bill by the committee in connection with its report on the various proposals it has investigated. Wide differences of opinion are understood to prevail in the committee on the provisions made by Henry Ford, who is being discussed as the basis for the bill under construction. It was believed possible that the committee would be divided into three factions when the discussions were ended and as many different recommendations would be made to the House. Hear Farmers' Agent. The Senate Agriculture body heard Benjamin C. Marsh, managing director of the Farmers' National Council, testify today. He said the council was opposed to the Ford proposal or any other that deprived the government of control and operation of the projects at Muscle Shoals. The bill introduced recently by Senator Norris, the witness believed, was fundamentally sound and he recommended that legislation of a similar sort be enacted. The bill drafted by Mr. Lloyd followed the description which the Agriculture Committee heard yesterday in general language. It would create a \$5,000,000 corporation, headed by seven directors to be appointed by the President, three being officials of the War, Treasury and Agriculture Departments. Stock Broker Ends Life. CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 11.—Nate N. Silverman, local stock broker and former operator for the Associated Press, committed suicide about noon today on a country road, near the city, his body being discovered late this afternoon lying in his automobile. He had shot himself through the temple. Worry over business is assigned as the cause of the suicide.

NEW YORK WILL BUILD NEW SUBWAY 32 MILES LONG

City to Spend \$318,000,000 to Make It Easier for Residents and More Difficult for Visitors to Find Way Around Town.

[By United News.] NEW YORK, May 11.—New York will spend \$318,000,000 within five years to make it easier for residents and more difficult for visitors to find their way around the town. By 1927, if the transit commission's program goes through, there will be thirty-two miles more of subway, eighty-four miles more of tracks, and numerous other interesting innovations, such as a moving sidewalk across the island under Fort-second Street, further to confuse incoming pilgrims. Manhattan's chief interest lies in the proposed building of another trunk subway, running north and south as a parallel to the present East and West Side subways, and the extension of the so-called Broadway Subway northward under Central Park to One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Street. Moving Platform Promised. But the visitors will find their principal attention focused on the great moving platform that will carry them from the Grand Central Station, where they arrive, to the bright lights district on Broadway, which is usually where they want to go. The platform will be two miles long, and will move rapidly enough to cut down materially the usual time required to get from the Grand Central to Times Square. If it is successful, it will be followed by other cross-town moving sidewalks. At present the visitor makes his way painfully, by attempting to follow certain "green lines" or "black lines," through a labyrinth of underground construction, to the terminus of a "shuttle" line. The shuttle carries him to Times Square, where another maze of passages greets his already bewildered senses. If he is fortunate, and the crush at Times Square is not too great, the whole trip may take ten minutes. Under the new scheme, the passenger will step practically from his train to the platform, and will roll along comfortably and find himself deposited gently at his destination in half the time—or at least that is the promise held out by the commission. Do Away With Perils. The new trunk line, running the length of the island, will be built in sections, and one day will be the greatest underground line in the world. It is to be an eight-track road, on two levels—two subways in one—and it will take four years to build. The cost is estimated at \$59,500,000. Another item of interest in the transit commission's scheme, will be the building of a tunnel from Brooklyn to Staten Island, thus doing away with the ferries from Manhattan to the island, which, while providing a very refreshing half hour's scarp in the summertime, are not so comfortable when Staten Islanders are digging themselves out of January snowdrifts. It is suggested that all the tangled financial problems be submitted to a mixed committee of experts named by the conference, providing means of escape from the present superheated atmosphere, which appears to be unfavorable for the settlement of the myriad questions arising on the Russian situation. England regards the reply as moderately conciliatory; so also does France. The Italian Foreign Minister has been working day and night to prevent a break which seemed imminent through the opposition of the French and Belgian delegates to the settlement of property questions which Great Britain and the lesser powers approve. Barthou Disapproves. France expresses great disappointment at the reply and Belgium is far from satisfied. M. Barthou, head of the French delegation, declared after an examination of the text, that the reply did not get anywhere and was not really an answer at all to the allied proposals. In the meantime, the future of the conference is highly uncertain. Some believe they do not really mean, and underneath there is undoubtedly a general desire to reach some agreement which will make Europe more peaceful. The Russians have appealed strongly to Premier Lloyd George and the peace-loving populations of the world in their support of a nonaggression pact and their allusions to disarmament. On the other hand, they flatly refuse to accept the allied proposals for the treatment of nationalized property and reject the proposed mixed arbitration committee to pass upon claims of the foreigners against the Soviet government. Sustains Communism Principle. In other words, the Russians have sustained the basic principle of communism and desire to have further discussions on the subject of nationalization, stoutly insisting that the Bolshevik government may maintain any social system and any system of property taking advantage of the Russian proposal for the reference of financial problems to a mixed committee at a later date to another conference. Lloyd George, however, is firmly against adjournment of the conference without some reference to the Russian problem and will doubtless oppose M. Benes and other leaders who have been working earnestly for another conference. M. Benes wanted to have a conference called at Prague, but has received little encouragement. Lloyd George and his supporters have apparently regarded all the efforts at postponement as part of the French plan to delay any settlement of the Russian problem which did not meet with their approval.

WILL TRY TO GET WORK UNDER WAY DURING PRESENT YEAR.

Exercise on June 22

PROMINENT VIRGINIANS TO BE INVITED TO LAYING OF CORNER-STONE.

With a detonation that was heard a distance of forty miles, a meteor fell to the earth about forty miles north of Lawrenceville at 11:15 o'clock last night, according to witnesses reaching Richmond about midnight. The mass rocked the earth not unlike an earthquake, shook houses, awakened residents of Lawrenceville from their slumbers. The whole countryside, for miles around, was lighted up with a glare as bright as midday, according to the news reaching Richmond. The falling star, as the celestial phenomena was described by some, emitted a swishing sound as it hurtled through space. Residents of Lawrenceville were alarmed by the unexpected visit of the nocturnal marauder of the heavens. News of the visitation first was received by a Southern Railway dispatcher stationed in Richmond from a telegrapher employed by the same road at Lawrenceville. The Lawrenceville man stated that there was much excitement in Lawrenceville as a result of the phenomena. As far as could be learned last night, no damage to property or to life resulted. In fact, particulars were meager. Persons in Richmond reported that they observed the glare of the flaming mass as it passed over this city shortly before 11:15 o'clock, at which moment it was said to have fallen just north of Lawrenceville. A noise, similar to that reported to have accompanied the meteor as it flashed to earth, was described as it lighted up the heavens in its flight over Richmond. Found Guilty of Sedition. PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 11.—Israel Blankenship, of New York City, alleged organizer of the Communist party, was found guilty of sedition today. The jury was out ten minutes. The prosecution charged that Blankenship was an official of a party which advocated overthrow of the government by force. Will Not Halt Strike Vote. CHICAGO, May 11.—Decision against the contracting system of shop repair work, handed down by the Railroad Labor Board yesterday, will not halt the strike vote being taken by the 50,000 union shop men on the contract question, according to shopmen officials here today. C. & O. Every Sunday Excursions begin Sunday, May 14th. \$2.00 Round Trip Ocean View 3 trains—8:30 and 9 A. M. and 12 P. M.—Adv.

BASIS FOR FURTHER NEGOTIATIONS SEEN IN SOVIET ANSWER

Refuse to Accept Proposals for Treatment of Nationalized Property.

COMMUNISM PRINCIPLE MAINTAINED BY REDS

Insist They May Maintain Any System They Desire Without Interference.

REJECT ARBITRATION PLAN

Soviets Show Plainly, However, They Desire to Reach an Agreement.

[By Associated Press.] GENOA, May 11.—Russia's reply to the allied memorandum, which was presented today to Signor Schanzer, president of the economic conference, is generally regarded as conciliatory. At least, it is considered a basis for further negotiations. It is suggested that all the tangled financial problems be submitted to a mixed committee of experts named by the conference, providing means of escape from the present superheated atmosphere, which appears to be unfavorable for the settlement of the myriad questions arising on the Russian situation. England regards the reply as moderately conciliatory; so also does France. The Italian Foreign Minister has been working day and night to prevent a break which seemed imminent through the opposition of the French and Belgian delegates to the settlement of property questions which Great Britain and the lesser powers approve. Barthou Disapproves. France expresses great disappointment at the reply and Belgium is far from satisfied. M. Barthou, head of the French delegation, declared after an examination of the text, that the reply did not get anywhere and was not really an answer at all to the allied proposals. In the meantime, the future of the conference is highly uncertain. Some believe they do not really mean, and underneath there is undoubtedly a general desire to reach some agreement which will make Europe more peaceful. The Russians have appealed strongly to Premier Lloyd George and the peace-loving populations of the world in their support of a nonaggression pact and their allusions to disarmament. On the other hand, they flatly refuse to accept the allied proposals for the treatment of nationalized property and reject the proposed mixed arbitration committee to pass upon claims of the foreigners against the Soviet government. Sustains Communism Principle. In other words, the Russians have sustained the basic principle of communism and desire to have further discussions on the subject of nationalization, stoutly insisting that the Bolshevik government may maintain any social system and any system of property taking advantage of the Russian proposal for the reference of financial problems to a mixed committee at a later date to another conference. Lloyd George, however, is firmly against adjournment of the conference without some reference to the Russian problem and will doubtless oppose M. Benes and other leaders who have been working earnestly for another conference. M. Benes wanted to have a conference called at Prague, but has received little encouragement. Lloyd George and his supporters have apparently regarded all the efforts at postponement as part of the French plan to delay any settlement of the Russian problem which did not meet with their approval.

BIG METEOR FALLS; JARS BRUNSWICK

Lawrenceville Reports Explosion Causes Shock Like Earthquake.

PASSES OVER RICHMOND

Celestial Visitor, Lighting Up Heavens, Seen by Many People Here.

With a detonation that was heard a distance of forty miles, a meteor fell to the earth about forty miles north of Lawrenceville at 11:15 o'clock last night, according to witnesses reaching Richmond about midnight. The mass rocked the earth not unlike an earthquake, shook houses, awakened residents of Lawrenceville from their slumbers. The whole countryside, for miles around, was lighted up with a glare as bright as midday, according to the news reaching Richmond. The falling star, as the celestial phenomena was described by some, emitted a swishing sound as it hurtled through space. Residents of Lawrenceville were alarmed by the unexpected visit of the nocturnal marauder of the heavens. News of the visitation first was received by a Southern Railway dispatcher stationed in Richmond from a telegrapher employed by the same road at Lawrenceville. The Lawrenceville man stated that there was much excitement in Lawrenceville as a result of the phenomena. As far as could be learned last night, no damage to property or to life resulted. In fact, particulars were meager. Persons in Richmond reported that they observed the glare of the flaming mass as it passed over this city shortly before 11:15 o'clock, at which moment it was said to have fallen just north of Lawrenceville. A noise, similar to that reported to have accompanied the meteor as it flashed to earth, was described as it lighted up the heavens in its flight over Richmond. Found Guilty of Sedition. PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 11.—Israel Blankenship, of New York City, alleged organizer of the Communist party, was found guilty of sedition today. The jury was out ten minutes. The prosecution charged that Blankenship was an official of a party which advocated overthrow of the government by force. Will Not Halt Strike Vote. CHICAGO, May 11.—Decision against the contracting system of shop repair work, handed down by the Railroad Labor Board yesterday, will not halt the strike vote being taken by the 50,000 union shop men on the contract question, according to shopmen officials here today. C. & O. Every Sunday Excursions begin Sunday, May 14th. \$2.00 Round Trip Ocean View 3 trains—8:30 and 9 A. M. and 12 P. M.—Adv.

WANT GOVERNMENT TO DEPORT LADY ASTOR

[By Associated Press.] PASSAIC, N. J., May 11.—The Federal government was asked to deport Lady Astor as an undesirable alien by the General A. S. Burl Camp, Spanish-American War Veteran, in a resolution adopted tonight. The action of the members followed a lively discussion over charges that the members of the G. A. R. had been insulted in speeches made by the lady, a feminine member of the British Commons during her visit to this country.